given by the Union Veterans' Patriotic League and the Allegheny War Veterans' Association. They were escorted to the hall by fully one thousand veterans. Between seven and eight thousand people attended the camp fire, and the speakers, General Alger, General Howard, Gen. Jack Burst, of Illinois, Adjutant-general Thomas J.
Stewart and Corporal Tanner were enthusiastically applauded when telling points were made. A feature was the singing of "America" by the big audience, led by Chaplain McCabe, who is now a Methodist bishop and in attendance at the bishops' conference, now being held in this city. The chaplain also sang "We are Marching, Father Abraham," etc., which aroused the most intense en soldlers present. intense enthusiasm among the old

WAILS OF THE WAXED.

Recognizing Defeat Is Certain, the Populists Are Now Crying Fraud.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal WASHINGTON, Oct. 29.-Realizing the hopelessness of the Popocratic cause, the managers of the combination are now preparing their dupes for defeat by crying fraud. Secretary Edgerton, of the Populist national committee, to-day issued the fol-"The preposterous claims made by the

Republican committees in regard to the election of McKinley are made with the idea of fraud in all the doubtful States. Mc-Kinley, on a fair vote, is beaten now by an overwhelming majority. The Republ ans realize this. Yet in the face of this make claims of an enormous majority for Mckinley, but give no figures to back up their claims. They depend upon out-right purchase of voters and election boards to furnish majorities they are predicting.
"Why do they make these claims? Simbecause they are depending, not on any evidence which they now have of victory for Mckinley, but on what they think Hanna's immense campaign fund may do We have evidence that in the election next sday fraud will be attempted on the most stupendous scale ever known in American politics. One plan is to buy up elec-tion boards and wherever possible to ac-tually falsify the returns. But the plan on which they depend most is as follows: each precinct of each of the doubtful States they will buy up purchasable men in this way: They will give a man \$10 or \$15 and pledge him that after election they will give him so much more if he holds the vote of that precinct to a certain figure. They will buy as many men in each pre-cinct as they can find for sale. Already, in each of the doubtful States, they have cappers bought up by the hundreds to handle Republican money on the last two days before election and on election day, and the plan will be not to buy men outright, but to give them so much money with a pledge to double the amount if they hold the vote of that precinct to a certain figure. We have indisputable evidence that this is the plan on which Mark Hanna and his hirelings place their final dependence."

"TOM" WATSON'S LETTER. It Is Now Said It Will Never Be Given

, to the Public.

CHICAGO, Oct. 29 .- Senator Butler, chairman of the Populist national committee, of 55,731 who arrived here last night, was with Vice Chairman Washburn, in consultation with Chairman Jones, of the Democratic committee, much of the time to-day. They went over the details of the campaign at considerable length together. They authorlzed no statement, but it is understood they agreed in classing Minnesota, Michigan and Indiana as a certainty for Bryan. Much time was spent in discussing the aspect as time was spent in discussing the aspect as fected by the Populist vote and Senate nes was assured by Messrs. Butler and Washburn that that vote would be pra-tically unanimous for Bryan. "It is," sa Senator Butler, "in much better shape than we could have hoped for at the beginning the campaign. There are, to be he continued, "a few States in which fu sion has not been arranged, but there has been no failure in any State where Bryan's inces could be imperiled by failure. Mr. Jones was also assured that there could be no apprehension that Mr. son would do anything to imperil Mr. Bry an's chances. His much-discussed letter acceptance will not be given to the public. Senator Butler will not give it out, and it is understood that Mr. Watson has also

agreed to withhold it. 'Mr. Watson's letter," said Mr. Wash-"Is in the line of his public speeches, and nothing could be gained by its publica-tion at this late day." It is also stated that Mr. Watson will not participate further in campaign than to make a few speeche In his own congressional district in Georgia. Senator Butler returned to Washington

HERBERT IN ALABAMA.

Secretary of the Navy Speaks to Many Sound-Money Democrats.

TROY, Ala., Oct. 29.-Secretary Herbert of the navy, spoke here to a splendid audience to-day. It was the first of four speeches which he will make in this, the district which he represented for several times in Congress, and his old constituents always have a hearty welcome for him. | business of this station. The Monon rail-Colonel Herbert's speech to-day was a clear and exhaustive discussion of the whole political situation. He defended the Cleveland administration and every reference he made to Mr. Cleveland was heartily applauded. He explained how the Bolts crats had departed from Democratic principles, taking with them from the part only the name and election machinery. H discussed the financial question at considerable length, showing the utter folloy of arguments advanced by the silver advo cates and depicting the misfortunes of the country at large that would attend the establishment of free-silver coinage. He assured his hearers, however, that there was occasion for little anxiety on that score. nel Herbert's speech served to rally the gold-standard Democrats here considerably and many votes were made for Hon. T. H Clark, the gold-standard Democratic nom ince for Congress. Voters of the adjoining countles attended and the Secretary wa shown the attention due his rank and station. He will speak at Evergreen to-mor ning, at Greenville Saturday morn and Montgomery Saturday night. He will remain in Montgomery, which is his home, until after the election. He will vote for Palmer and Buckner.

NOISY STUDENTS.

Ann Arbor Boys Try to Entertain Vic-

President Stevenson ANN ARBOR, Mich., Oct. 29.-Vice President Stevenson addressed a big crowd at the opera house here to-night. Republican students made a noisy demonstration befcre and at the meeting, but upon Mr. Stevenson's arrival the McKinley devices which had been displayed were withdrawn out of sight. When the students' silver club entered the opera house with banners udents surged about the banners and on bearing Bryan's portrait was narrowly saved by being rushed on to the stage. After the address Mr. Stevenson was followed to the station by two thousand stu-dents, who cheered him heartily as Vice President, and also cheered for McKinley enthusiastically. T. E. Barkworth, Democratic candidate for Congressman, ad-dressed an outdoor overflow meeting. Mr spoke to a large gathering at Vosilanti this afternoon.

Blackburn Attacks Carlisle. LOUISVILLE, Ky., Oct. 29.-Senator J. C. S. Blackburn spoke here to-night to two large audiences at Macauley's Theater and the Masonic Temple. He said that he had intended to be here yesterday to answer Secretary Carlisle, but that the Secretary Hamburg, on board the Herbert Fuller, had refused to divide time. "I will give near Halifax, N. S., last July. him one month's salary for every hour he will agree to stand on the platform with then proceeded to expound freeallver doctrine, answering some of Secre-tary Carlisle's statements, and spoke of his record in Congress. He quoted from Mr. Carlisle's speech of 1878, and said that the Secretary had never delivered that speech in Congress, that he had written it out in cold blood and it was printed in the appendix of the record by special permission of the Speaker. "I only ask," said the Senator, "that Mr. Carlisle shall not plead the baby act and say that he made this h in the heat and excitement of de-"He then defended the Chicago plat-He here accused Mr. Carlisle of fishig for a Suprame Court appointment. They call us Anarchists," he said, "but the chief Anarchist of this country is Herr Most, who wrote a letter a short while ago, in which he said he stood on the Re-publican side!"

Hobart and Griggs at Newark. NEW YORK, Oct. 29.-Garret A. Hobart, the Republican vice presidential candidate. on the curbstone, fractured his skull, dying was given an enthusiastic reception at Newark, N. J., to-night. Accompanied by almost instantly. Gardner was an old-time telegraph operator, and well known to the fraternity throughout the country. Governor Griggs, he attended the mass meeting held at Caledonia Park, and both gentlemen delivered brief speeches. The

they came marching from every direction and passed by the reviewing stand, on which a great crowd had gathered. Following about three or four thousand fac-tory men came the banners and insurance men to the number of 700, and the Union Veterans' Patriotic League, 1,000 strong. Then came the wheelmen, horsemen various divisions of workingmen with floats representing their respective branches of trade. The marchers displayed a tremendous amount of enthusiasm

Col. Ingersoll at New York. NEW YORK, Oct. 29 .- The last but one big mass meeting of Republicans in this city during the present campaign was held in Carnegie Music Hall this evening. The star speaker was Col. Robert G. Ingersoll, who, for several weeks, has been stumping the Western States. As the seating capacity of Carnegie Hall is limited, admission was by ticket only, and only a select audience of 2,000 persons heard the famous ora-tor. In his speech Col. Ingersoll said: "I have been accused of changing my opinion and in many respects I have changed, but rot on this money question. Twenty years ago in Cooper Union I said this country wants gold, silver and paper money, bu the silver dollar must be equal to the gold dollar even if it be four feet in diameter. I then said that I wanted our paper money so secured by gold that it could raise its hand and say: I believe my redeemer

liveth. Altgeld Assails Schurz. PEORIA, Ill., Oct. 29.-Governor John P. Altgeld spoke here to-night. He began his remarks with a reply to Carl Schurz, who spoke here Saturday night. The Governor said in his Chicago reply he had treated Mr. Schurz simply as an advocate, but on account of his statements here the Governir declared Mr. Schurz formerly received \$200 a night from the Democrats. while to-day he is receiving \$1,000 a night from the Republicans. He quoted these figures to show that he was not a distinterested party and then showed Schurz's

Will Vote for Palmer.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 29.-Secretary Francis will leave here to-morrow or Saturday for his home, in Missouri, where he will cast his vote for Palmer and Buckner. Assistant Secretary Reynolds left here today for Pennsylvania to deliver several speches in the campaign for the goldstandard Democratic ticket, and will vote for that ticket Tuesday at his home, in Bedford county. Commissioner of Indian Bedford county. Commis Affairs Browning also left to-day to vote

Official Vote of Georgia. ATLANTA, Ga., Oct. 29.-The General Assembly, in joint session, to-day completed the official consolidation of the vote of the State in the recent election. For Governor, Atkinson, Democrat, received 120,827 votes; Wright, Populist, 85,832, a Democratic majority of 34,995. The divergence in the vote for Governor and other State officers was

Parsons, Populist; a Democratic majority Republican Success Periled. MIDDLESBORO, Ky., Oct. 29.-John D.

marked, Candler, Democrat, for Secretary of State, receiving 132,184 votes to 76,453 for

White, independent Republican candidate for Congress in the Eleventh district, announces that he will not withdraw from the

Two Speeches by Reed SAN JOSE, Cal., Oct. 29.-Thomas B Reed arrived here to-day and was received most cordially. The town was gaily decorated and the distinguished man from Maine was met at the depot by thousands, In the evening Mr. Reed made two morrow night and in San Francisco Sunday night.

A Case from Shelbyville.

SHELBYVILLE, Ind., Oct. 29 .- Charles Hummel, Republican committeeman from Moral township, was arrested this morning on an affidavit by Alex. McLane, charging that Hummel offered him \$5 if he would not vote. It is believed that this is the method to be used in intimidating Repub-lican workers. The fact that a general arcounty is shown by the large number of men who are approaching Republicans and asking for money. An attempt was made on the streets here to-day to catch two well-known workers, but they were and would not have anything to do with it,

BEDFORD STONE QUARRIES. Best Day's Shipments Yesterday in Their History.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal BEDFORD, Ind., Oct. 29.-Yesterday was the best day ever had in the stone-quarry way forwarded one hundred and two cars of stone by actual count. The prospects for shipments seems to be better now than since the quarries began operations in this locality.

Death of John J. Cooper.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. SPENCER, Ind., Oct. 29.-John J. Cooper, one of the pioneers of Owen county, died of paralysis this afternoon at the home of his daughter, Mrs. John C. Robinson, in this city, aged seventy-eight years. He has been a prominent citizen of the county having been county adultor and trustee of this township for ten years. He was a Mason and Odd Fellow.

Greenville, O., 22; Union City, O. pecial to the Indianapolis Journal UNION CITY, Ind., Oct. 29 .- The Union City Football team played this afternoon with Greenville, O., and lost by a score of Thirty-five-minute halves were played. Nobody hurt.

Indiana State Notes.

Capt. Joseph Basley, of Seymour, addressed the McKinley Club at Scottsburg last night. William Lemaster, a prominent ploneer of Howard county, died yesterday at his

home, in Cassville, aged seventy. A stock well drilled in Brown county ome two years ago has within the las few days developed a big flow of natural gas, and its roar can be heard for some distance. The well is 187 feet in depth, and contains 167 feet of water.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

Thomas Ryan died in Newport, Ky., yesterday from the result of a stab received the night before as he was stepping out of Pat Caulfield has been arrested, charged with the murder. The Dominion government has detailed

extra inspectors at Montreal to guard against the exportation of "filled" cheese to help the United States authorities, who are attempting to put down the traffic. The National Household Economics As sociation, in session at Milwaukee, has elected officers as follows: President, Dr. Mary Green, Charlotte, Mich.; recording secretary, Mrs. Marguerite Philip, Char-lotte, Mich.; treasurer, Mrs. Ellen F. Mar-

The grand jury in the United States Circuit Court at Boston has indicted Thomas Bram, first mate of the barkentine Herbert Fuller, for the murder of Captain Thomas Nash, his wife and second mate

Farm Road Made of Brick. MONMOUTH, Ill., Oct. 29 .- Monmouth township, Warren county, has completed three thousand feet of brick payement, the first hard country road ever put down in the United States. The brick is single course laid on six inches of sand and supported on each side by two and one-half feet of crushed stone. The cost will be less

than \$5,000 a mile. He Persisted in Clinching. PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Oct. 29.-"Billy" Payne, of Baltimore, was disqualified to night in the fifth round of his fight with "Charley" Johnson, of Minneapolis, at the

Tuxedo Club. They were to fight six rounds, but despite frequent warnings of the referee Payne persisted in clinching. One-Armed Cycler Killed.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Oct. 29.-Harry (Hank) M. Gardner, a one-armed man, fell from his bike this afternoon, and, striking his head

General Torrence III.

CHICAGO, Oct. 29.—Gen. Joseph T. Torrence is oritically ill. His condition to-night was so serious that it is feared that meeting came to an end at an early hour, so that the vice presidential candidate might view the parade, for which elaborate preparations had been made. There were thousands of men in line and for two hours. sands of men in line and for two hours the acute stage.

CONVICTED OF MURDER

JOSEPH AUBERT AND HIS MISTRESS SENTENCED TO PRISON.

Found Guilty of Killing a Young Stamp Collector and Hiding His Body in a Packing Case.

(Copyright, 1896, by the Associated Press.) PARIS, Oct. 29 .- Joseph Aubert and Marguerite Dubois, his mistress, after having been convicted of murdering Emile Delahoff, the young stamp collector, whose body was found in a packing case at Couville in May last, were sentenced to-day. Aubert was condemned to penal servitude for life and Marguerite Dubois was sentenced to three years' imprisonment

The trial was known as the "Couville m.ystery," and has filled many columns of the French newspapers. One evening in May last a man and a woman coming from Paris got off at Couville, a place of about four hundred inhabitants, on the Western railroad. The travelers left a packing case in the baggage room, with a trunk. This baggage remained at the station all the next day and the railroad employes noticed a sickening smell coming up from the case. The station master ordered the box to be opened and found the body of a young man. The man and woman were arrested and gave false names. No difficulty was found in establishing the identity of the corpse. It was that of Julien Emile Delahoff, formerly living with his father, a well-to-do brickmaker, in Paris. Th trunk contained the man's clothes. It de veloped that young Delahoff was a stamp collector, and had valuable collections, which were the cause of his death. He wanted to sell his collection and the male prisoner, Aubert, had several meetings with him. Aubert made an appointment with young Delahoff at his residence. The some evening. May 14, Delahoff, sr., re-ceived a telegram, apparently signed by his son, announcing that he had sold his collection of postage stamps and was leaving for Chicago.

Marguerite Dubois made a complete confession. She said that when, on May 14, she returned to where she lived with Aubert, the latter pointed to a corpse on the floor and said they had quarreled. He took a hatchet and struck the man, although he aid not wish to kill him. The murderer exhibited extraordinary nerve, but finally broke down and admitted killing young Delahoff, but he declared he had not stolen anything from his victim. It was proven that he had taken the stamps. Aubert had been disappointed in literary aspirations and turned to crime.

BISMARCK MUST BEWARE. He May Be Arrested and Tried on Political Charges.

LONDON, Oct. 29 .- A special dispatch from Berlin says that it is understood that the proposed prosecution of Prince Bismarck's organ, the Hamburger Nachrichten, for publishing state secrets has been abandoned out of fear of the harm such a step might do to Germany's foreign policy. It is added, however, should Prince Bismarck publish the circumstances under which he resigned office the government will be forced to act, and it is said it would probably treat Prince Bismarck in the same manner that the latter treated Count

Count Ven Arnim was arrested in October, 1874, and confined in Berlin for refusing to give up documents sent to him as em-bassador. On account of illness he was released on bail some three weeks later, but was again arrested in about two weeks' time. He was tried in December, 1874, was convicted of making away with ecclesio political documents, was acquited of other charges and was sentenced to three months' imprisonment. He appealed, was tried again in June, 1875, and a verdict was rendered confirming the sentence. In November of the same year it was announced that Count Von Arnim was to be prosecuted for treason in a pamphlet entitled "Pro Nihilo," published at Zurich. In January, 1879, the Count published "Quid Faciamus Nos" and in May, 1881, he died at Nice, as a result, it was said by Prince Bismarck's enemies, of the persecution to which he had been subjected by the Chan-

cellor. Reforms in Turkey. CONSTANTINOPLE, Oct. 29.-Since the recent visit of the Russian embassador, M. De Nelidoff, to the Sultan and the long, important audience which followed it is noticeable that there has been another change for the better in the attitude of Abdul Hamid and his advisers towards the Armenlans in particular and the reform policy in general. It is known that M. De Nelidoff very plain language to the Sultan, and it is apparent that, the latter was convinced that the Russian embassador was in earnest. This, supplemented by grave reports received by the Sultan from the Turkish embassador at London and Paris, pointing out the distrust and irritation caused by the attitude of Turkey, has brought about eager professions upon the part of the Turkish government of the desire to honestly push the work of reform and, as a commencement, five Christian Deputy Governors have been appointed in Armenia, and it is probable that there will e changes shortly in the composition of

Money Needed to Conquer the Soudan, PARIS, Oct. 29 .- A special dispatch from Cairo says that the commander of the Egyptian forces, Sir Herbert Kitchener, intends to demand an addition of £64,000 (\$320,000) to the military estimates, which already exceed the amount permitted by the International convention of 1885. The object of Sir Herbert Kitchener in asking for more money is said to be the raising the effective number of the Egyptian army to fifteen thousand men and to continue reconquest of the Soudan. It is further stated that the railroad from Dongola to Merour will be completed in a few months. that four months' provisions for an army of fifteen thousand men will be restored at Merour and that the advance on Berber and Khartoum will recommence probably in March next. It is understood that France and Russia will protest against the expedition and oppose the increase in the effective strength of the Egyptian army.

Li Hung Chang's Promotion. LONDON, Oct. 30 .- A Standard dispatch

rom Berlin says: The Emperor of China has ordered Li Hung Chang to reside permanently at Pekiing, as his presence and advice are indispensable. His appointment (as Minister of Foreign Affairs) indicated that the Tsung Li Yamen will be completely reorganized on the European model. Prince Ching, the Conservative, who opposed this reform and the extension of the Siberian railway, has resigned. A dispatch to the Times from Berlin says Hung Chang has summoned to Peking Mr. Detring, director of Chinese cusoms, who was granted two years' leave of absence in order to accompany Li on his travels. Mr. Detring starts in a few days. "This recall," says the Times correspondent, "is held to show that Li Hung Chang's

Argentina Invaded by Bolivians. LIMA, Peru, Oct. 29.-Telegrams received here from Argentina report that the Bolivian authorities have made an invasion of the towns of Puntas in the province of Jujuy, near the frontier in the extreme northwest portion of Argentina, and have expelled the citizens of Argentina from the towns. The Peruvian Congress met to-

our will have practical results.

Strike of London Cabmen. LONDON, Oct. 29.-In pursuance to a resolution adopted yesterday evening, upwards of 4,000 cabmen are now going out

on strike, adding another chapter in the long and wearisome dispute between the cabmen and the railroad stations. The dearth of cabs is noticeable. Sultan Has Cause to Be Uneasy. LONDON, Oct. 30. - A dispatch to the Daily Telegraph from Constantinople says: 'Russia's attitude has completely changed,

and the concert of the powers is now real

and effectual, causing the Sultan uneasialong the coast of Portugal. A fishing boat has been lost near Setubal, eighteen miles

southeast of this city. Fourteen fishermen were drowned. Cable Notes. A clerk named Bruno Werner has been Tuesday last. Grosse confessed and said STORMS IN THE SOUTH

The Rome correspondent of the London Chronicle is assured that on his return to St. Petersburg the Czar will propose a conference of the powers to discuss the Turkish problem

The Eclair, of Paris, expresses itself in favor of granting Germany preferential tariffs in the United States provided the former co-operates with France in the settlement of the Egyptian question. The bid of \$21,000 made a few days ago for Fire island and the buildings upon i has been refused. The island and its buildings cost New York city \$229,000 in 1892, when it was bought for a cholera quaran-

A caravan from Tomsk, west Siberia, has arrived at St. Petersburg bringing bars of gold weighing 200 poods (7,200 pounds.) Anther caravan is expected in January. those from Irkutsk, eastern Siberia. Chamber of Deputies M. Gustave Isambert, editor-in-chief of the Republique Francaise, a member of the Republican Union and Deputy from the Chateaudun

A Berlin dispatch to the London Daily Telegraph refers to the arrival of the first shipload of American apples at Hamburg and their selling for from four to eight shillings per hundred weight, while good German apples at this season of the year cost sixteen shillings.

ing statement this morning:

district, was elected vice president of the

good reason to believe that a tribunal, simto the Bering Sea Commission, with Sir Richard Webster, the Attorney-general, representing England, will be appointed to solve the Venezuelan boundary affair.' A Sepoy belonging to the British-Indian troops stationed at Fort Sandeman, India, ran amuck Wednesday evening and killed Lieutenant Yeates, of the Royal Engineers; Lieutenant Downes, of the Bombay Lan-cers, and two private soldiers, besides

VENEZUELAN COMMISSION. It Adjourns Till Nov. 10, After Re-

ceiving Prof. Burr's Documents. WASHINGTON, Oct. 29.-Professor Burr, the map expert sent abroad by the Venezuelan Commission, returned last night and was before the commission for three hours to-day. He presented a number of maps and documents, secured from the archives of Holland, and bearing directly on the pending issue and not hitherto presented by either Great Britain or Venezuela. The to the rights of the Dutch, so that these documents are regarded as an important branch of the case. Both Great Britain and Venezuela presented maps and documents from Dutch sources. Professor Burr's mission was to conduct independent nquiry without questioning the documents presented by the two countries, but giving the commission the advantage of a com-plete knowledge of the Dutch archives. It will take some time to determine the bearing of the new documents on the issue. The commission adjourned to-day to Nov. 10, in order that Professor Burr may have time to make a written report, that of today being oral

General Notes. WASHINGTON, Oct. 29.-The President

has denied the application for pardon in the case of Luther A. Hall, sentenced in Georgia in 1891 to imprisonment for life for conspiracy to commit murder. The treasury to-day lost \$486,400 in gold coin and \$25,800 in bars, which leaves the true amount of the reserve \$118,272,315 Gold to the amount of \$300,000 was to-day deposited in New York in exchange for

Gen. Frank C. Armstrong, of the Dawes Indian Commission, which work for months negotiating with the five civilized tribes in Indian Territory, is in the city. He says the prospect is bright for reaching a satisfactory agreement with the Indians by the end of the winter.

A medal of honor has been awarded to James M. Burns, late sergeant Company B. First West Virginia Volunteers (now captain of the Seventeenth United States Infantry, at Columbus Barracks, O.) At battle of New Market, Va., June 15, 1864, this noncommissioned officer, under a heavy fire of musketry from the enemy, voluntarily assisted a wounded comrade from the field of battle, thereby saving him from capture by the enemy.

Duncan Rose, in the Century Ah, those beautiful paper bills, so nice and clean and pretty, but every one as deadly a foe to the South as an armed en-And how the people ran to get them. And how those printing presses rumbled at printing paper money. They shook the earth and almost drowned the noise of the cannon wheels rolling to the front. A Southerner should hate the sight of one of those paper bills. Every one of them blood fruitlessly spilled, treasure wasted and hopes blasted But in the beginning of the struggle ne ne seemed to suspect an enemy in that eautiful money. The government, at east, acted upon the theory that all it beautiful money. had to do to raise money was to print it They did not seem to realize that, being the argest purchaser in the market, it was necessary for the government to keep down prices as much as possible; that every ise of bills must inevitably raise prices and render a new issue necessary; that every rise in prices must be followed by a new issue, until the bubble must collapse of its own expansion and redundancy.

Movements of Steamers. NEW YORK, Oct. 29.—Arrived: Willehad, from Bremen. Salled: Edam, for Amster-

dam; Nomannia, for Hamburg. QUEENSTOWN, Oct. 29.—Sailed: Britan nic, from Liverpool, for New York. BREMERHAVEN, Oct. 29. - Arrived: Spree, from New York.

ROTTERDAM, Oct. 29.-Sailed: Veendam, for New York. LONDON, Oct. 29 .- Arrived: Mobile, from GENOA, Oct. 29 .- Sailed: Ems. for New

CHICAGO, Oct. 29.-Robert J. McCreedy, ineteen years old and only two months bridegroom, was shot through the left breast and instantly killed to-night by his vife's stepfather, Henry Miller, a hay and feed merchant. Since the young man's marriage he and his wife had become separated. McCreedy called to see his wife shortly before midnight, and a quarrel resulted. The shooting took place as Miller's home, where the girl has been living since their separation. The young woman was

present at the time. Miller was arrested. A Lutheran Church Split SPRINGFIELD, O., Oct. 29 .- Forty-two members of the Third Lutheran Church, headed by Prof. E. C. Heckert, of Witten-berg College, have left the church because of the stand taken by Rev. J. J. Hill and the majority of the church's members in supporting the First Lutheran Church, Dayton, which was on trial recently before

not fully in accord with the church's be lief. Lynchers Acquitted.

Miami Synod for teaching a doctrine

AIKEN, S. C., Oct. 29.—The trial of the Broxton lynchers in the Aiken court is The case went to the jury at 10 o'clock to-night, and at 10:30 they returned a verdict of "not guilty" and the prisoners were discharged. The accused were white men charged with couelly beating four and hey stole a Lible from a church.

Seeking a Pardon for Gentry. ence of death for the killing of Margaret W. Drysdale, or Madge Yorke, the actress,

have discontinued the appeal to the Su-preme Court and have taken the case to the Board of Pardons, where a commuta-tion of the death sentence to life imprisonment will be asked. Obituary. SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 29.—The death of David Z. Davis, of Philadelphia, is an-

nounced by a private dispatch. Davis was a pioneer of 1849 and partner of Alexander

Davis, whose operations in realty and heavy financial projects in this State have been perhaps the largest undertaken by local capitalists.

Boyd in the well-known firm of

Populists Enraged. WASHINGTON, Ga., Oct. 29.-A circular is being distributed among the Populists of Fourteen Fishermen Drowned.

LISBON, Oct. 29.—A severe storm prevails clear the coast of Portugal and the Populists of the Eighth distributed among t an in retaliation for the way in which Wat-

son has been treated. Train Stuck in the Snow.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., Oct. 29.—The over-land flyer on the Union Pacific, west-bound, due here at 9:55 p. m., is reported stuck in the snow between Ogallaia and Big Springs, Neb. She is now five hours late. A violent snowstorm is raging in Nebraska and it is impossible to tell when trains will arrested in the Herz mountains, charged in the snow with being the instigator of the murder of Herr Major Levy, president of the Berlin bar, on Sunday, Oct. 18. Wilhelm Grosse, a locksmith's apprentice, was arrested on be resumed.

NEW ORLEANS STRUCK BY A TOR-NADO AND \$100,000 DAMAGE DONE.

Several Lives Lost in Tensas Parish, La., and Postmaster and Wife Killed in Oklahoma.

o'clock this afternoon a ternado struck this city on the river front just above Peniston street and swept over a distance of about a mile and a half, or thirty blocks At yesterday's session of the French from Peniston to Robin street, the track of the storm being about 1,500 feet wide from the river to Annunciation street. The first building damaged was the Independence oil mill, situated at the head of Penston street. It was unroofed and the building and contents damaged to the amount of \$6,000. The conveyors of the new elevator of the Illinois Central railroad were slightly damaged, and John Whitemeyer and John J. Beck, employed at the elevator, The London Chronicle makes the followwere lifted from the ground, dashed against "There is the elevator and the latter severely hurt. Hundreds of buildings in the track of the storm were damaged, many being partially unroofed and chimneys prostrated, trees uprooted and fences blown down. The storm-swept section of the city is in darkness to-night, owing to the prostration of the electric light wires and details of the damage are difficult to obtain. At besides wounding Lieutenant Maclachlin, before he first a number of lives were reported lost. but so far these reports have not been verified. The property less is estimated at \$100,000 Skylot cotton sheds, situated on Robin

street, near the river front, used by the Texas & Pacific railroad for cotton storage, were damaged to the extent of \$10,000. A number of the sheds were completely de-George Bealer, a switch was seriously injured, an arm and hip being broken, and Joseph Hennessy, laborer, was also injured at the sheds, all the other laborers, about forty in number, having just knocked off work and fortunately got out of the sheds before they collapsed.

A dispatch from Newellton says a tor-

nado visited. Tensas parish to-day and did much damage. Several cotton gins and numerous barns and negroes cabins were destroyed. Two colored men were killed by lightning, and two colored women and a baby were blown into Lake Bruen at Lecustland and drowned. Oxford, Miss., reports that a tornado assed through the eastern part of Lafayette county this afternoon at 4 o'clock, demolishing farm houses and uprooting trees of all sizes. A dispatch says: 'Hen, W. V. Sullivan, Democratic candidate for Congress, had been speaking at Tula and was eturning to Oxford, expecting to

at Abbeyville to-night. He and Mr. Har-kins were caught in the storm's path, the warning. They were driving a double team buggy. The wind lifted the vehicle, horses and all and carried them 200 yards. The buggy was demolished by falling timber, but neither men nor horses were seriously hurt. The storm passed through the outskirts of the town of Belay and demotished several houses. The house of Milton Kridge was blown away, but his wife and seven children escaped with slight bruise The extent of the damage cannot be given but no casualties have as yet been reported tree was left standing in the tornado's path.

Coffeyville, Miss., reports that a violen rainstorm passed over that section about 2 o'clock this afternoon. The colored Bapschoolhouse, was blown down upon the teacher and seventy-five pupils. Six of the children were considerably bruised, on having a limb broken. The pulpit, around seems most of the children had clustered, was the means of protecting life Several other buildings were unroofed.

IN OKLAHOMA.

Postmaster and Wife Killed and Oth-

er People Injured. GUTHRIE, O. T., Oct. 29 .- A tornado swept over a stretch of country about twenty miles east of here at 7:30 o'clock last night, devastating a district several miles long and probably a hundred yards wide. The farm house of William Toby was destroyed and Toby was probably fatally injured. The other members of his family escaped. Half a mile further north the Mitchell postoffice and store was lifted bodily into the air, carried a hundred yards and dashed to the earth. The building was smashed into splinters and Postmaster M. T. Mullin and his wife, who lived in the building, were killed. Their bodies were found this morning. They died clasped in each other's arms. Two sticks were driven each other's arms. Two sticks were driven through Mr. Mullin's skull, but there was not a scratch on the body of his wife. Mullins came here from Rock Island, Ill. The farm house of Abner Jones was also wrecked and many smaller buildings were destroyed, trees uprooted and crops ruined. Rumors are current here that the same storm did frightful damage further northeast and several persons were killed there. but up to a late hour no particulars are obtainable. There was a tremendous fall of rain here and considerable damage was done by washouts and the carrying off of

At Wewoka, I. T., the tornado desroyed Governor Brown's store, a new church and four other buildings. Several persons were hurt, but none seriously. At mine No. 1, at Krobs, it is reported five poeple were killed. In Lincoln county Mr. and Mrs. John McLaughlin have been found dead in the minus of in the ruins of their home, and Harrison

Jones will die of his injuries. Actress Injured.

MADISON, Wis., Oct. 29.-A severe wind storm struck this city to-night, doing much damage. A portion of the roof of Fuller's Opera House was blown off and carried across the street. The Eddie Foy Company was playing in the house, and one of the actresses was hit in the face by a flying brick. She was not seriously hurt, however. Many telegraph and electric light roles were blown down, and communication by wire with the surrounding coun-

Bryan's State Snowed Under. OMAHA, Neb., Oct. 29.-Western Nebraska is covered with ten inches of snow tonight, the white mantle thinning out as it approaches the eastern part of the State. In some sections of the State a high wind accompanied the snow, assuming the proportions of a blizzard. Trains are delayed, and on several branches have been stuck

in snowdrifts. FOR AN EMERGENCY.

Preparations of Savings Banks Against a Bryan Panie. New York Evening Post. It would not surprise the treasury officials

or bank officers if there were some heavy withdrawals between now and next Tuesday by sellers of gold options who, like some others, will at the last moment prefer to get the gold free of cost in that way in order to be prepared for any emergency rather than to pay the very slight premium that it now costs in the open market. But such withdrawals, it is said, would not cause any alarm, and it is not believed that under any circumstances the serve can be drawn down below \$110,000,000 even if there are no gains in the meantime PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 29.—The attorneys to offset withdrawals. But as has already been stated there is one sum alone of mo than \$2,000,000 that is going to be added to the gold reserve in a very few days, and there are others that are expected. An interesting feature of the hedging the election that is going on is the purchas-ing of seventy days' date sterling exchange. A large amount of bills of that character (they fall due seventy-three days after the day on which they are drawn) have been purchased lately, and especially yesterday and to-day. Another feature of the desire of some persons to be extra cautious, too, at the last moment, is the borrowing by managers of savings banks of large sums of money this week from the banks of deof money this week from the banks of de-posit for fifteen days, and in this is a moral for the free silverites. The savings banks don't want gold; they simply want to be assured of a certain amount of ready mon-ey (legal-tender money with which to pay off their depositors if Bryan should be elected and there should be, as they expect there would be in that case, a run upon the savings banks.) These savings bank managers do not want the money this week -they promise not to use it now-but they have pledged lots of their finest collaterals in order to have hundreds of thousands of dollars at their command immediately after election. They are only required to pay their depositors in legal-tender money, of course, and it will not be their fault if that money should only be worth half as much after election as it is now. But bankers regard these precautions as favorable and strong indications of the election of Mc-Kinley.

If the people generally, they say, are so much afraid of what would happen if Bryan

were elected, they surely are not going to vote for the dishonest-money candidate and his anarchistic platform.

A NEW CITY HALL.

It Is Needed, but There Are Good Reasons for Waiting Awhile.

To the Editor of the Indianapolis Journal:

Mary Dean is 'most always right, but

never more conspicuously so than in her late protest against marring the beauty of our half million courthouse by any kind of a building within the grounds. It must NEW ORLEANS, La., Oct. 29 .- About 4:30 have been a narrow-minded man who first suggested it. The thing is so preposterous that after her criticism it seems to me it cannot be seriously entertained a moment. But there is a question connected with that City Hall matter that demands the attention of everybody. We may need a city hall, but is this the time to build it? The basement of the courthouss is not, in its present condition, very well adapted to city wants, but under the circumstances can it not be made to answer for a while? First, let us bear in mind that we are yet in debt for it to the amount of \$900,090, and are paying 5 per cent, interest on that debt, True, it belongs to the county, but Indianapolis being 80 per cent, of the county, the brunt of the burden comes upon the city True, again, the city pays fant for the rooms it occupies, \$2,000 a year, but it pays four-fitths of it into its own treasury, as it will not when it pays to the Lorraine or any other hall, and it makes very tittle difference in results whether we pay \$2,000 per year or \$10,000. But everybody now sees that that grade and stone wall around the yard and that artificial fill is a perpetual eyesore. Not one man or woman in a thousand but would rather see the whole square in the condition University Park is except, of course, the supercultured few who have traveled, you know. It would cost but trifle to remove that accumulation of gravel on which neither trees nor grass can ever be induced to grow, and restore the lawn to its original level and its original rich earth that will support such a grove sward as make University Park a thing of beauty. This ought to be done wholly irrespective of its bearing on the interio of the courthouse no matter what it costs. But if this is done the basement will be so improved as to light and ventilation that the rooms will be bearable, if not enjoy-able, until we greatly reduce our debt on the house itself and are otherwise better prepared to build. If the rooms on the first floor, as it will be then, are not sufficient, there are a great many rooms in the upper stories now practically unoccupied which could be as easily reached by the lift as can the rooms in the Lorraine or any other office building. The saving to the county, of which the city is so large a part, is not to be despised, while the convenience to

the people having business with city officers would be immense. Common business sense would take several collateral facts into consideration in determining any change in the present situation, even the moving into other quarters First, more than half the homes in the city are mortgaged under the Barrett law for public improvements that were absolutely indispensable or will be mortgaged before our system of sewers and streets is com-pleted. This cannot be avoided and should not be. It could not be postponed and the City Hall and all that appertains to it can be and ought to be without being abandoned. The burden of these improvements presses hard upon those who have small homes only partly paid for. Indeed, hundreds have had to let their homes go to pay the taxes and assessments. The fact that more than half the voters in the city never pay 1 cent of taxes, and that more than some of these nontaxpayers have been, if they are not now, members of Council, does not justify inflicting additional burdens upon those who do pay taxes if it can be avoided. Let us, as county, patch up the courthouse so that we, as a city, can continue to pay to us as county the few thousand dollars that we as a county so much need until we in the city have somewhat recovered strain now upon us on account of the nec-

essary street and sewer assessments now We must have a city hall. We must have a new postoffice. The two hundred feet square now owned by the government is insufficient for the site of the new postoffice. It will be sold cheap. Government always sells cheap and buys dear. We can wait for that. Even if the bill passes at the next session it will be ten years before we can get possession, and then a year or two before we can adapt the buildings to our use. But that is not long to wait. justify us in moving even into more luxurquarters for so short a time? Practically we pay no rent where we are. The improvements needed in the yard and in the house must be made and will be in the near future anyhow. My suggestion is to adapt the courthouse, in the first and in the upper stories, to the convenience of the city, and let the city offices adap themselves to the conditions or resign; and then let us all pull together until we a little over our street expenses and be ready to buy the present postoffice prop-erty-the whole of it. We will need it all hundred years hence and then let

Indianapolis, Oct. 28. Veterans Repudiate Bryan. To the Editor of the Indianapolis Journal: The following is clipped from the Indi-

arapolis Sentinel: "A vote for Bryan is a vote to save your nes. The soldiers are not all for the English protection, the corporations and McKinley. The soldiers are for equal rights | my life. I have voted for every Demoand American industry. They are not in cratic candidate for President since Geo. B. favor of cutting off one industry for the McClellan in 1864, and for thirty years was purpose of enriching the few. It would be a mistake to pernetuate a policy that will cause panics at the discretion of the money power. Therefore, we as soldiers who ecpardized our lives in the late civil that the Nation might live, who thrown away all prejudice to party and are ready to fight against fraud and corruption at all times; that we believe it is fraud to issue bonds to keep up the present gold reserve; that we believe the issuing of bonds contracts the currency and places the entire circulation under the control of the syndicates of banking corporations; that contracting the currency causes falling prices of the entire productions which all business of the inventive genius of mankind can produce, thereby ing the masses to beggary, misery and want. By this means our homes are passing in a rapid rate into the hands of aristocrats, and it will be only a few years when the truth of these sayings will be realized. Therefore we, as a band of patriotic soldiers, ask all our comrades to join in with us as you did in '61 and help us save our country from the London and New

York money power. BENJAMIN F. KERNODLE, Chairman, N. C. HEADY. Treasurer.

"Jamestowa, Ind., Oct. 27.

Now comes another class of veterans. The undersigned served three years, and some four years, in the war of the rebellion. They did not wait until 1865 for bountles ranging from \$600 to \$1,000; also. for some other personal and not pleasant reasons to talk about. As true veterans we deem the assertion that a vote for Bryan is a vote to save our homes a false assertion. The principles William J. Bryan an ante-election explanation of the defeat advocates never saved a house and never which they know by instinct is impending.

ANNA IVOR'S REQUEST.

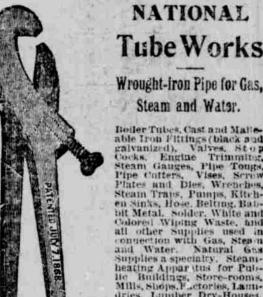
Personal letters reach Mrs. Pinkham by thousands; some asking advice, and others, like the following, telling of what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done and will ever contirue to do in cradicating those fearful



female complaints so little understood by physicians.

All womb and ovarian troubles, rregularities, whites bearing-down pains, displacements, tendency to caneer and tumor are cured permanently

"I feel as if I owed my life to your Vegetable Compound. After the birth of my babe I was very miserable. I had a drawing pain in the lower part of my bowels, no strength, and a terrible backache. Every day I failed. My husband said if I would try a bottle of your Vegetable Compound, he would get it for me. The change was wonderful. After I had taken the first half bottle I began to have great faith in it. When I had taken three bottles, I was well and growing stout. It is a pleasure for me to write this to you. I only ask women in any way afflicted with female croubles to try it."-MRS. ANNA IVOR, Pittsford Mills, Rutland Co., Vt.



Beder Tubes, Cast and Malie-able Iron Fittings (black and galvanized). Valves. Stop Cocks. Engine Trimmites, Steam Gauges, Pipe Tongs, Pipe Cutters, Vises, Scrow Plates and Dies, Wrenches, Steam Traps, Pumps, Kitch-en Sinks, Hose, Belting, Bal-pht Metal. Salder White and

bit Metal. Solder, White and Colored Wiping Waste, and all other Supplies used in ction with Gas. 8 and Water. Natural 6ns Supplies a specialry. Steam-heating Appar itus for Pub-lic Buildings, Store-rooms heading Alpar this for run-lic Buildings, Store-rooms, Mills, Shops, F. etories, Laun-dries, Lumber Dry-Houses, etc. Cut and Thrend to or-der any size Wrought-fren Pipe, from 16 inch to 13

KNIGHT & JILLSON, 75 and 77 S. PENNSYLVANIA ST.

will. We are in favor of protection, properity and sound money, and it would be a poor way to show our loyalty to our country to follow the insane teachings of Bryan. We are for the soldier statesman, William McKinley, and after next Tues-day our short-term veterans will find that there are a great number of the real veterans true to their country now as in 1861 to 1865, who did not wait until the last days of 1865 to do their duty to their God and their country. We would like to know for what reason these comrades would like to make it appear that the soldier element is in favor of a fifty-cent dollar. The true soldiers of this country want a dollar worth

JOHN F. PROCTOR. WM. BARINGER. B. GIBSON. F. STOCKTON. C. FERREE W. M. HECKATHORN. JOSEPH HACKLEY. JAMES BURK J. PALMER.

Jamestown, Ind., Oct. 28,

Attitude of Mr. H. M. Motz. To the Editor of the Indianapolis Journal: Inasmuch as several of the free-silver fraternity of this city have openly charged that I have never been a Democrat, I would beg sufficient space in your paper to say that I never voted a Republican ticket in McClellan in 1864, and for thirty years was an active Democratic worker in Akron, O., as Mayor Deck, of that city, can testify, I am for McKinley, first, because the Democratic party, when intrusted with the national government in all its branches, gave us prolonged disaster instead of the promised benefits; second, because a careful study of our country's history reveals the astounding fact that prosperity never existed under Democratic rule; third, because the Democratic platform of tr-day offers no but threatens the remnant of industrial life by free trade; our national honor, by a spurious currency; our liberty, by revolutionizing our Supreme Court; and worse than all, denies the American citizen to invoke the protection of his own flag in his own country; fourth, McKinley stands for protection, reciprocity, national honor, justice, safety to life and prosperity of Americans at H. M. MOTZ.

Montpelier, Ind., Oct. 28. · A Sufficient Answer.

Philadelphia Record (Dem.) In a speech delivered in Indianapolis on Saturday night last General Harrison declared that if any employer should attempt to coerce an employe in the matter of the assert his manhood and his right to vote as he may please; and Mr. pledged himself as a citizen and a lawyer to defend any workingman in the exercise of this right. This is the manly answer to the unworthy and pitiable cry of the Bryanites, which under ordinary circumsta would be stifled by it. But the Bryanites will doubtless persist in their false cry as an ante-election explanation of the defeat

Sour Kitchen

No kitchen is kept cleaner than the premises devoted to the manufacture of NONE SUCH Mince Meat. No housewife can be more fastidious in the matter of preparing food than we are in the selection and preparation of the materials of which it is made. The cleaning of the currants (for one thing) is more thoroughly done by means of perfected appliances, than it would be possible to do it by hand.

Its cleanliness, purity, wholesomeness and deliciousness are good reasons for using NONE SUCH Mince Meat. The best reason is its saving-of time, of hard work, of money. A ten cent package affords you two large pies, without trouble to you beyond the making of the crust. Makes just as good fruit cake and fruit pudding as it does mince pie. Sold everywhere. Be sure and get the genuine.

Send your name and address, and mention this paper, and we will mail you free a book—"Mrs. Popkins' Thanksgiving"—by one of the most famous humorous authors of the day. MERRELL-SOULE CO., SYRACUSE, N. Y.

Is As Clean As Yours